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Failure to comply with this rule within 90 days from the time of notice by the health officer will subject the offender to fine as provided by the ordinance of the borough.

No privy vault or cesspool shall be built or maintained along the line of the public sewer without the consent of the board of health, and all public garages and livery stable washstands shall connect with the public sewer.

**Buildings and Premises—Cellars and Water-closets—Sanitary Regulation. (Reg. Bd. of H., Jan. 16, 1915.)**

SEC. 15. Slops must be conveyed in closed vessels and not be kept on the premises until they become foul.

SEC. 16. It shall be the duty of the occupant of every house within the limits of this borough in the month of May, in each and every year, to cleanse the cellars thereof of all dirt, vegetable and other impure matter calculated to endanger health.

SEC. 17. Water-closets constructed in dwelling houses and public buildings must be so arranged with traps and vent pipes as to prevent the introduction of foul air and gases into said dwellings or public buildings; and water-closets in yards must be provided with vent flues.

**Communicable Diseases—Notification of Cases—Placarding—Quarantine—Disinfection—School Attendance—Burial. (Reg. Bd. of H., Jan. 16, 1915.)**

SEC. 18. The following diseases are hereby declared to be communicable and dangerous to the public health, viz: Actinomycosis, anthrax, bubonic plague, cerebrospinal meningitis (spotted fever), chicken pox, cholera (Asiatic or epidemic), diphtheria (diphtheritic croup, diphtheritic sore throat), epidemic dysentery, erysipelas, German measles, glanders (farcy), hydrophobia (rabies), leprosy, malarial fever, measles, mumps, pneumonia (true), puerperal fever, relapsing fever, scarlet fever (scarletina, scarlet rash), small pox (variola, varioloid), tetanus, trachoma, trichiniasis, tuberculosis (specify form), typhoid fever, typhus fever, whooping cough, and yellow fever, and shall be understood to be included in the following regulations unless certain of them only are specified.

SEC. 19. Every physician who shall know that any person, requiring his or her services professionally, is suffering from any of the above-named diseases, shall forthwith make report in writing to the board of health upon blanks to be furnished for that purpose by the board.

In case of smallpox, in addition to the card report, the secretary of the board of health shall be immediately notified, and he shall immediately notify the State department of health. Houses from which cases of variola or varioloid are reported shall be placarded as smallpox. Houses from which cases of membranous croup or diphtheritic croup are reported shall be placarded as diphtheria.

SEC. 20. The report personally signed by the physician shall be dated, and shall state the occupation, country of nativity, age, sex, color, street address of the patient, the disease from which the patient is suffering, the date of onset, the name and occupation of the householder, the number of school children living in the house and the school attended.

SEC. 21. Whenever any householder knows that any person within his family or household has a communicable disease, dangerous to the public health, he shall immediately report the same to the board of health, giving the street and number, or location of the house.

SEC. 22. Upon receipt by the board of health of a report of the existence of any of the following diseases, one or more placards bearing the name of the disease shall be placed in a conspicuous place or places upon the premises within which the dis-